# BRENTWOOD WEALTH ACTIVE INCOME ZAR



WRAP PORTFOLIO INFORMATION DOCUMENT

**31 OCTOBER 2025** 

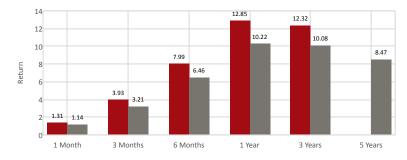
### **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

The Brentwood Wealth Income portfolio (ZAR) is a model portfolio, managed with an objective to achieve a level of sustainable income and stability of capital. The portfolio may invest in registered collective investment schemes, assets in liquid form, money market instruments, interest bearing instruments, bonds, debentures, corporate debt, equity securities, property securities, preference shares, convertible equities and non-equity securities. Equities and property are limited to 25% collectively. The portfolio invests locally and internationally and is Regulation 28 compliant

## PERFORMANCE (Net of Fees)



### TRAILING RETURNS



Brentwood Wealth Active Income ZAR

SA Multi-Asset Income

Performance numbers before portfolio start date are back tested.

# HIGHEST AND LOWEST MONTHLY RETURNS PER CALENDAR YEAR (%)

Year	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
High	2.31	2.57	1.85	1.31	-	-	-	-	-	-
Low	-0.31	-0.94	-0.75	0.08	-	-	-	-	-	-

# **PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS**





### **FUND INFORMATION**

**Brentwood Wealth Asset** Portfolio Manager:

Management

Apex Investment Consulting **Investment Consultant:** 

01 Feb 2024 Launch date:

Benchmark: SA Multi-Asset Income This portfolio is managed in Regulation 28:

accordance with Regulation 28.

0.50% (Excl. VAT) Portfolio management fee:

The TER's of the underlying funds may differ from platform to platform and can be obtained from the particular LISP's quote.

### PLATFORM AVAILABILITY

Allan Gray Ninety One

### **RISK PROFILE**

Risk	Low	Low-Mod	Mod	Mod-High	High		
Term	1-3 years	3+ years	3-5 years	5 years	7+ years		

### Low | Low - Moderate

- This portfolio has low to no equity exposure, resulting in low risk, stable investment returns.
- The portfolio is exposed to interest rate risks. The portfolio is suitable for short term investment horizons

# Moderate | Moderate - High

- nderate | Moderate High
  This portfolio holds more equity exposure than a low risk portfolio but less than a high-risk portfolio. In turn the expected volatility is higher than a low risk portfolio, but less than a high-risk portfolio. The probability of losses is higher than that of a low risk portfolio, but less than a high-risk portfolio and the expected potential long term investment returns could therefore be lower than a high-risk portfolio due to lower equity exposure, but higher than a low risk portfolio. Where the asset allocation contained in this MDD reflects offshore exposure, the portfolio is exposed to currency risks.

  The portfolio is exposed to quity as well as default and interest rate risks.
- рогалио в ехрозеи to currently risks. The portfolio is exposed to equity as well as default and interest rate risks. Therefore, it is suitable for medium term investment horizons.

- This portfolio has a high exposure to equities and therefore tends to be more volatile than most other portfolios.

  Expected potential long-term returns are high, but the risk of potential capital losses is high as well, especially over shorter periods.

  Where the asset allocation contained in this MDD reflects offshore exposure, the portfolio is exposed to currency risks.

  Therefore, it is suitable for long term investment horizons.

  The portfolio has a high exposure to derivative instruments which may carry additional risks

### **Brentwood Wealth Active Income ZAR** Risk - 1 Year

Time Period: 01/11/2024 to 31/10/2025

Annualised Return	12.85
Max Drawdown	0.0
Information Ratio	4.55
Sharpe Ratio	3.09
Best Month	11/2023
Worst Month	05/2023
Max Drawdown Recovery	0



# **BRENTWOOD WEALTH ACTIVE INCOME ZAR**

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### **MARKET COMMENTARY**

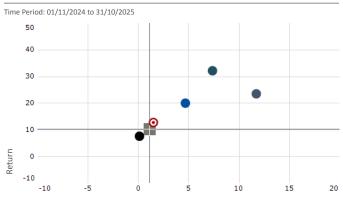
\*South African index returns are quoted in rands; all other return figures are quoted in USD terms.

October saw global and South African markets surge, posting strong, broad-based gains thanks to resilient economic growth, rising earnings, and easing monetary policy. Continuing its upward trend, the market saw the S&P 500 index climb 2.34% in October, largely fueled by mega-cap technology companies that are capitalizing on artificial intelligence investments. The US Federal Reserve cut interest rates by 25bps in October, reaching the lowest level in three years (midpoint just under 4% p.a.). However, Fed Chair Jerome Powell cautioned investors that a December cut was not guaranteed, which pushed bond yields slightly higher and drove US dollar strength (Dollar Index +2.1% MoM). The Nikkei 225 Average Index surged, posting an 11.83% MoM gain driven by optimism surrounding the Bank of Japan's decision to leave interest rates unchanged as well as the new administration. October saw Sanae Takaichi sworn in as Japan's first female prime minister, with expectations of fiscal stimulus and increased defence spending providing a powerful tailwind for Japanese equities. South Africa's exit from the FATF grey list in October is a crucial development that enhances the country's status as a credible, compliant participant in the global financial system. This step also strengthens financial defences and reinforces the foundation for renewed investment, even as the country works to fully overcome the reputational scars. Following the global trend, South African markets benefited from the broader rally in emerging market assets (FTSE/JSE Capped SWIX Index; +1.64% MoM), driven by a return of risk appetite and a modestly firmer rand. This strength boosted local bonds and shares, Interestingly, mining shares, which had been on a tear all year, traded lower in October. This performance occurred against a backdrop where a calmer fiscal environment and stable inflation supported local investments, despite ongoing structural concerns. The MSCI EM Index extended its winning streak to a tenth consecutive month, bringing cumulative year-to-date returns to a robust 33.59%—significantly outpacing Developed Market peers (MSCI World Index: 20.21%). While October's positive performance was led by North Asian heavyweights South Korea and Taiwan, the rally was broadly supported across the EM universe, including Hungary, Colombia, Chile, Poland, and Brazil. This remarkable year-to-date performance, featuring double-digit gains for most EM equity markets, is the result of favourable valuation, strong earnings growth, and currency returns.

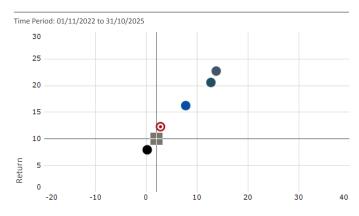
### **MONTHLY RETURNS (%)**

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	YTD/YEAR
2025	0.65	0.51	0.49	0.86	1.40	1.33	1.12	1.04	1.53	1.31	-	-	10.72
2024	0.89	0.35	-0.27	1.06	0.90	2.31	2.01	1.61	1.84	-0.31	1.56	0.36	12.98
2023	1.65	0.15	0.63	0.29	-0.94	2.14	1.40	0.66	-0.59	1.08	2.57	1.15	10.60
2022	0.25	0.50	0.47	0.15	0.67	-0.75	1.27	0.62	-0.66	1.27	1.85	0.56	6.34
2021	0.62	0.58	0.10	1.17	1.23	0.77	0.56	0.90	0.08	0.31	0.48	1.31	8.40
2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

### **RISK REWARD - 1 YEAR**







### Standard Deviation

- Brentwood Wealth Active Income ZAR SA Multi-Asset Income
- STeFI Composite ZAR
- FTSE/JSE All Bond TR ZAR
- FTSE/JSE All Share SWIX TR ZAR
- FTSE/JSE SA Listed Property TR ZAR

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# **DISCLAIMER**

Managed by: Brentwood Wealth Asset Management, Authorised Financial Service Provider, FSP Number 47936

The fund allocation (above) indicates the holdings of the model portfolio, also referred to as wrap portfolios. The portfolio holdings are quantitatively and qualitatively assessed on a quarterly basis by the independent investment committee. Where any of the above funds are not available on any particular Linked Investment Service Provider (LISP) platform, an appropriately comparable replacement fund is selected by the investment committee. Due to the possible fund composition variations resulting from such comparable replacements, the actual overall asset allocation, fees and returns may differ across platforms. Periodic portfolio rebalancing is initiated by the investment committee to realign strategic allocations whilst taking specific account of the intended risk and return profiles of the portfolios as well as capital gains tax and cost effects. Past performance is not indicative of future performance and for the historical return purposes above it was assumed that before the launch date of the portfolio, the portfolio's holdings and asset allocation remained static during the entire back tested period. The capital or the return of a portfolio is not guaranteed. A wrap fund is a portfolio consisting of a number of underlying investments wrapped into a single product. Wrap funds are not legal CIS funds of funds as the wrap fund itself is not a collective investment portfolio, but is simply a collection of separate collective investment portfolios and money market accounts. With a wrap fund the investor has direct ownership of the underlying investments. Wrap funds are not regulated by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act and do not have a separate legal status. They are regulated by the same legislation that applies to Linked Investment Services Providers (LISPs), namely the Stock Exchanges Control Act and the Financial Markets Control Act, investors should take note that any changes made within a wrap fund can trigger capital gains tax.

The portfolio's performance numbers are based on a master portfolio tracked in the Morningstar Direct system. These performance numbers are net of all underlying managers TER's, but gross of the portfolio management, LISP and advice fees. Performance numbers before portfolio start date are back tested.

# **FAIS CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURE**

Please note that your financial advisor has to disclose any conflict of interest as well as all fees received relating to your investment in writing to you.

